Thursday, 10 March 2016

11.30 - 13.00: Cluster 1A “Holocaust”
Chair: Nadège RAGARU, Centre d’études et de recherches internationales, Paris
Leon SALTIEL Paneepistimio Makedonias, Thessaloniki
The Greek Elites of Thessaloniki Facing the Holocaust: Resistance or Collaboration?
Marija VULESICA Zentrum für Antisemitismusforschung, TU Berlin
Biographical Approach to the History of the Holocaust in the Independent State of Croatia
Milutin ŽIVKOVIĆ Univerzitet u Beogradu
Novi Pazar under Occupation: The Case of the Urban Jews

13.00 - 14.30: Lunch break

14.30 - 16.00: Cluster 1B “Mass violence”
Chair: Xavier BOUGAREL, Centre Marc Bloch, Berlin
Janis NALBADIDACIS Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin
Dynamics of Unrestrained Violence. The Massacre of Distomo on the 10th June 1944
Drago ROKSANDIC Sveučilište u Zagrebu
Glina 1941. Logics of Violence in Spatial and Temporal Dimensions
Tchavdar MARINOV École française d’Athènes
Friendly Rivals, Ambiguous Allies: Bulgarian Administration and the IMRP Networks in Occupied Macedonia

16.00 - 16.30: Coffee break

16.30 - 18.00: Cluster 1C “Right-Wing violence”
Chair: Paolo FONZI, Seconda Università degli Studi di Napoli
Matko GLOBAČNIK Sveučilište u Zagrebu
Croatian Right-Wing Intellectuals and the Independent State of Croatia
Kostas KATSOUĐAS Panteion Paneepistimio, Athens
The Politics of Right-Wing Violence in the Peloponnese 1943-1949
Sanja GLADANAC Univerzitet u Sarajevu
Serbs and Jews as an “Unwanted Element” in Sarajevo (1941)
19.30: Dinner

Friday, 11 March 2016

PART TWO – RE-GROUPING AND GROUP-MAKING PROCESSES
From the beginning of the establishment of occupational or quisling regimes in Southeastern Europe new categorizations were defined (and later redefined) to privilege some, single out other populations and — in particular — to select out the discriminated or “unwanted”. The implementation of such group-making policies was often very violent and usually included a multitude of, often contradictory, (local) adaptations. What can be learned by looking closer to such local constellations?

9.30 - 11.00: Cluster 2A “Ethnic Minorities”
Chair: Marija VULESICA Zentrum für Antisemitismus Forschung, TU Berlin
Sonila BOÇI Universiteti i Tiranës
People in Crossroads: Greek Minority along with Albanians in the Second World War
Polymeris VOGLIS Paneepistimio Thessalias, Volog
Controlling Space and People. The Territoriality of War and Population Engineering in Greece during the 1940s
Caroline MEZGER European University Institut, Florence
Contested Youths in Disputed Borderlands: The National Socialist Mobilization of Ethnic German Youths in the Batschka and the Western Banat, 1930s-1944

11.00 - 11.30: Coffee break

11.30 - 13.00: Cluster 2B “Shifts in Religious and Ethnic Identification”
Chair: Nathalie CLAYER, Centre d’études turques, ottomanes, balkaniques et centrasiatiques, Paris
Daniela SIMON Eberhard Karls Universität Tübingen
“The Task of the Century”: Local Actors and Dynamics of the Policy of Forced Conversion in the Independent State of Croatia
Nadège RAGARU Centre d’études et de recherches internationales, Paris
Fighting over the Souls of the Dead: Jewish Identities in the Multisided National Struggles over Macedonia
Thomas PORENA Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin
Yugoslavs in the German Concentration Camps

13.00 - 14.30: Lunch break
PART THREE – EVERYDAY LIFE IN TIMES OF EXTREMES

In order to better understand the contexts and processes pertinent to WWII, a starting point for studying the "the everyday" is the assumption that, first of all, people tried to cope with the exceptional/violent situation by trying to uphold a kind of "normality" in their daily life. Often such attempts were, however, reduced to find strategies and means to simply survive the war. How can such a focus on the "everyday life" enhance a more appropriate interpretation of WWII in its local dimensions?

14.30 - 16.00: Cluster 3A “Military Life”
Chair : Sabine RUTAR, Institut für Ost- und Südosteuropaforschung, Regensburg
Xavier BOUGAREL Centre Marc Bloch, Berlin
"They are Well Fed, and are therefore in a Good Mood and Fighting Spirit": Joining the Waffen-SS as a Survival Strategy
Paolo FONZI Seconda Universita degli Studi di Napoli
Italian Mobilisation of Minorities in Northern Greece: Vlachs, Camis and Slavo-Macedonians
Franko DOTA Sveučilište u Zagrebu
Dishonourable Partisans and Abominable Workers: Male Homosexuality in World War II and its Immediate Aftermath in Yugoslavia

16.00 - 16.30: Coffee break

16.30 - 18.00: Cluster 3B “Civil Life”
Chair : Milan RISTOVIĆ, Univerzitet u Beogradu
Dejan ZEC Univerzitet u Beogradu
Entertainment in an Occupied Country: Belgrade during German Occupation (1941-1944)
Nenvenka TROHA Institut za novožg dovino, Ljubljana
Class or Nationality? Workers in Trieste and Trbovlje during World War Two
Gruia BADESCU University of Cambridge
Rebuilding Troubling Ruins: Perpetrators, Victims and Urban Reconstruction in Belgrade 1941-1949

19.30: Concluding session

19.30: Dinner